BookletChartTM

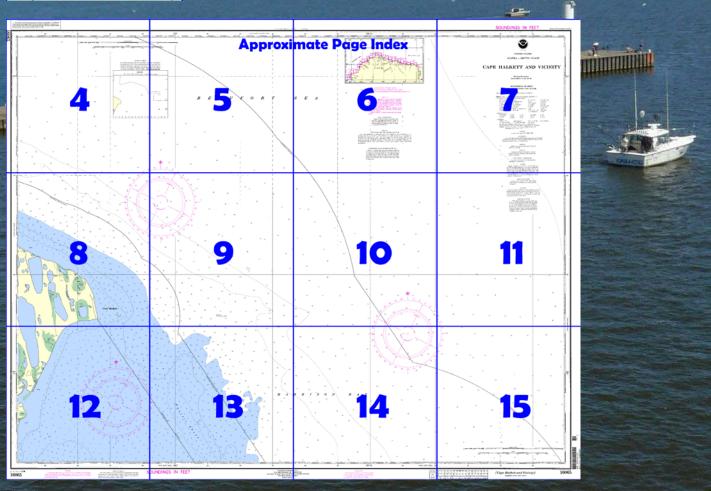
Cape Halkett and Vicinity NOAA Chart 16065



A reduced-scale NOAA nautical chart for small boaters When possible, use the full-size NOAA chart for navigation.



- Complete, reduced-scale nautical chart
- Print at home for free
- Convenient size
- Up-to-date with Notices to Mariners
- Compiled by NOAA's Office of Coast Survey, the nation's chartmaker



Published by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration National Ocean Service Office of Coast Survey

<u>www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov</u> 888-990-NOAA

What are Nautical Charts?

Nautical charts are a fundamental tool of marine navigation. They show water depths, obstructions, buoys, other aids to navigation, and much more. The information is shown in a way that promotes safe and efficient navigation. Chart carriage is mandatory on the commercial ships that carry America's commerce. They are also used on every Navy and Coast Guard ship, fishing and passenger vessels, and are widely carried by recreational boaters.

What is a BookletChart[™]?

This BookletChart is made to help recreational boaters locate themselves on the water. It has been reduced in scale for convenience, but otherwise contains all the information of the full-scale nautical chart. The bar scales have also been reduced, and are accurate when used to measure distances in this BookletChart. See the Note at the bottom of page 5 for the reduction in scale applied to this chart.

Whenever possible, use the official, full scale NOAA nautical chart for navigation. Nautical chart sales agents are listed on the Internet at http://www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov.

This BookletChart does NOT fulfill chart carriage requirements for regulated commercial vessels under Titles 33 and 44 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

Notice to Mariners Correction Status

This BookletChart has been updated for chart corrections published in the U.S. Coast Guard Local Notice to Mariners, the National Geospatial Intelligence Agency Weekly Notice to Mariners, and, where applicable, the Canadian Coast Guard Notice to Mariners. Additional chart corrections have been made by NOAA in advance of their publication in a Notice to Mariners. The last Notices to Mariners applied to this chart are listed in the Note at the bottom of page 7. Coast Pilot excerpts are not being corrected.

For latest Coast Pilot excerpt visit the Office of Coast Survey website at http://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/nsd/searchbychart.php?chart=160 65.



(Selected Excerpts from Coast Pilot)
Cape Halkett (70°48.0'N., 152°11.0'W.), is a low promontory 20 miles ESE of Pitt Point.
A 1-foot shoal is 0.7 mile E of the cape; between the shoal and the cape are depths of 5 feet. In 1984, a submerged obstruction covered about 18 feet was reported about 6.1 miles E of the cape in about 70°47'57"N., 151°53'18"W.

U.S. Coast Guard Rescue Coordination Center 24 hour Regional Contact for Emergencies

RCC Juneau Commander

17th CG District (907) 463-2000 Juneau, Alaska

Heights in feet above Mean High Water

POLLUTION REPORTS

Report all spills of oil and hazardous sub-stances to the National Response Center via 1-800-424-8802 (toll free), or to the nearest U.S Coast Guard facility If telephone communication is impossible (33 CFR 153).

CAUTION

Temporary changes or defects in aids to navigation are not indicated on this chart. See Notice to Mariners

CAUTION

Depths may vary as much as 6 feet due to iceberg groundings.

HORIZONTAL DATUM

The horizontal reference datum of this chart is North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83), which is North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83), which for charting purposes is considered equivalent to the World Geodetic System 1984 (WGS 84), Geographic positions referred to the North American Datum of 1927 must be corrected an average of 1.269 southward and 11.697 westward to agree with this chart.

AIDS TO NAVIGATION

Consult U.S. Coast Guard Light List for supplemental information concerning aids to navigation.

The prudent mariner will not rely solely any single aid to navigation, particularly floating aids. See U.S. Coast Guard Ligh st and U.S. Coast Pilot for details.

Mercator Projection Scale 1:49.177 at Lat. 70° 50'

SOUNDINGS IN FEET AT MEAN LOWER LOW WATER

BACON

RACON
Radar Transphotor Boacons, or RACONS, are activated by radars opbetating on the X-Band, frequencies 9300 to 9450 MHz and, when activated, will emit an international morse code chaceter which will be visible on the radar screen that activated the RACON. The effective range of the RACONS will be against user Visible on the radar PACON. The Effective range of the RACONS will be against user Visible on the RACONS will be against user Visible 300 MB will be against user Visible visible on the RACONS will be against user Visible visible on the RACONS will be against user Visible visible on the Visible visible of the Visible visible visible on the Visible The RACONS will be maintained seasonally from

1 July to 15 September.

NOTE A

NOTE A

Navigation regulations are published in Chapter 2, U.S. Coast Pilot 9, or weekly Notice to Mariners which include new or revised regulations. Information concerning the regulations may be obtained at the Office of the District Engineer, Corps of Engineers in Anchorage, Alaska.

Anchorage regulations may be obtained at the Office of the Commander, 17th Coast Guard District is because Market.

Juneau, Alaska. Refer to section numbers shown with area design

Mariners are advised that in the shallow waters of the Beaufort Sea, water levels are strongly influenced by meteorological conditions. Strong offshore winds can produce water depths up to 0.8 meters (2.6 feet) less than those shown on this chart.

SUBSISTENCE WHALING IN THE BEAUFORT SEA

Mariners should be aware that Alaskan Natives engage in subsistence whaling in the Beaufort Sea from August 15 to October 31. Vessel operators are requested to contact the Alaska Eskimo Whaling Commission at (907) 852-2392, or aewcdir@barrow.com prior to entering this area for information about the location and avoidance of traditional Native

Tides: The periodic tide has a mean range of about one-half foot.

UPDATING SERVICE

FOR THIS CHART, a listing of NOTICE TO MARINERS corrections subsequent to the date shown in the lower left hand corner is available from the Chief, Marine Charl Division (NCS2), National Ocean Service, NOAA, Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3282.

AUTHORITIES

Hydrography (from surveys of 1951-53) and topography by the National Ocean Service, Coast Survey, with additional data from the State of Alaska, Geological Survey, and U.S. Coast Guard.

Table of Selected Chart Notes

SOURCE DIAGRAM

The outlined areas represent the limits of the most recent hydrographic survey information that has been evaluated for charting. Surveys have been banded in this diagram by date and type of survey. Channels maintained by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers are periodically resurveyed and are not shown on this diagram. Refer to Chapter 1, United States Coast Pilot.

COLREGS, 80,1705 (see note A)

International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea, 1972 The entire area of this chart falls seaward of the COLREGS Demarcation Line

NOTE X

TERRITORIAL SEA AND CONTIGUOUS ZONE

The lines delimiting the territorial sea and configuous zone represent an interdepartmental committee's interpretation of legal principles as applied to geographical information. The lines are subject to revision when required by correction of the geographic information shown or by reinterpretation of the legal principles involved. Where differences occur between adjacent or overlapping charts, the lines shown on the most recent chart issue take precedence.

ABBREVIATIONS (For complete list of Symbols and Abbreviations, see Chart No. 1.)
Aids to Navigation (lights are white unless otherwise indicated):

G green Mo morse code R TR radio tower AERO aeronautical Ai alternating
B black
Bn beacon IQ interrupted quick Iso isophase N nun OBSC obscured Rot rotating s seconds LT HO lighthouse Oc occulting SEC sector Or orange Q quick R red C can DIA diaphone M nautical mile m minutes St M statute miles VQ very quick W white MICRO TR microwave tower Mkr marker WHIS whistle Ra Ref radar reflector Bottom characteristics: Rids boulders Co coral

Grs grass Miscellaneous AUTH authorized Obstn obstruction

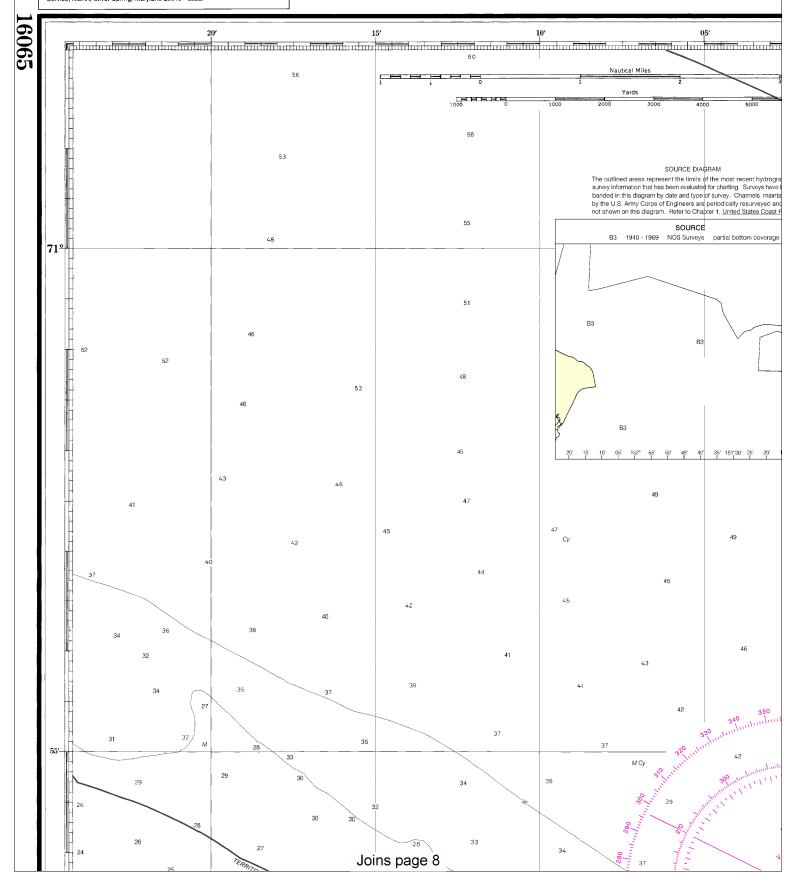
Cy clay

S sand PD position doubtful Subm submerged

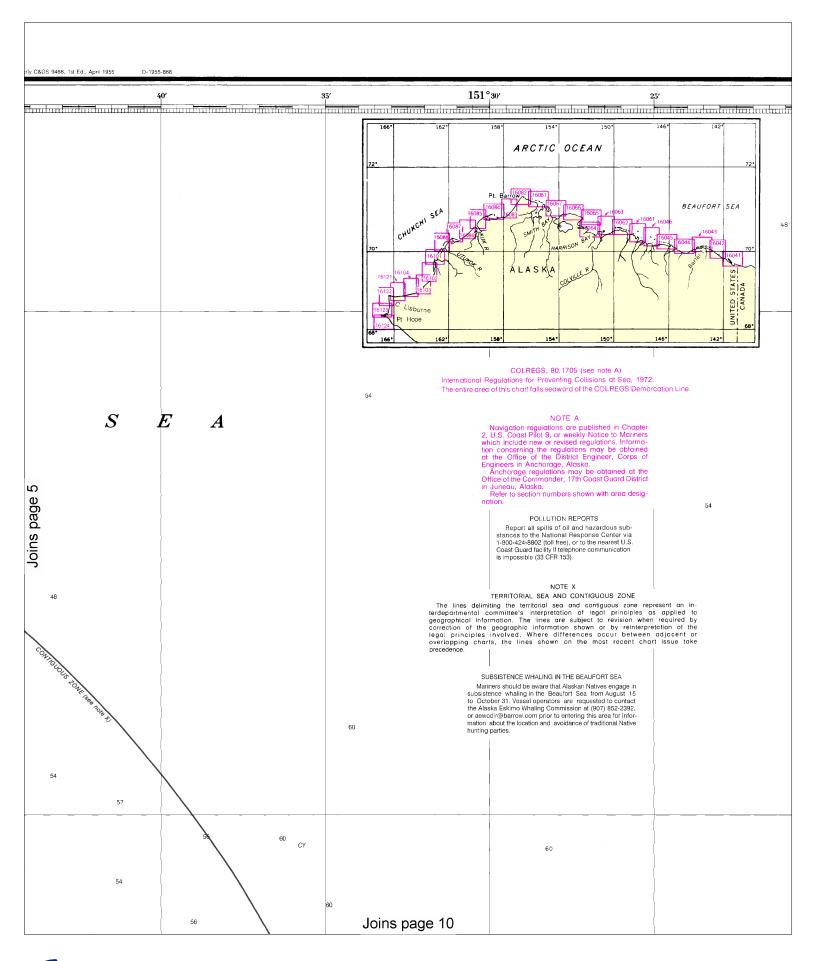
Sh shells

AUTH authorized Obstr. obstruction PD position doubtful ED existence doubtful PA position approximate Reprepared 2L! Wreek, rock, obstruction, or shoal swept clear to the depth indicated. (2) Rocks that cover and uncover, with heights in feet above datum of soundings COLREGS: international Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea, 1972. Demarcation lines are shown thus: ———

This nautical chart has been designed to promote safe navigation. The National Ocean Service encourages users to submit corrections, additions, or comments for improving this chart to the Chief, Marine Chart Division (N/CS2), National Ocean Service, NOAA, Silver Spring, Maryland 20910 - 3282.





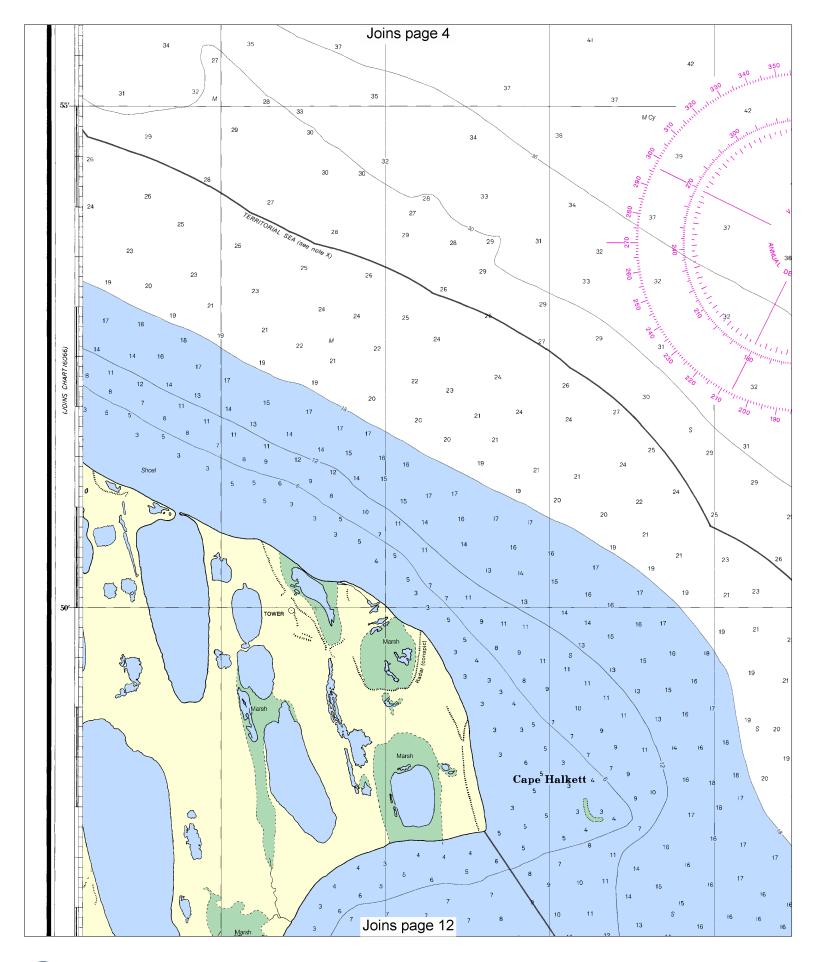




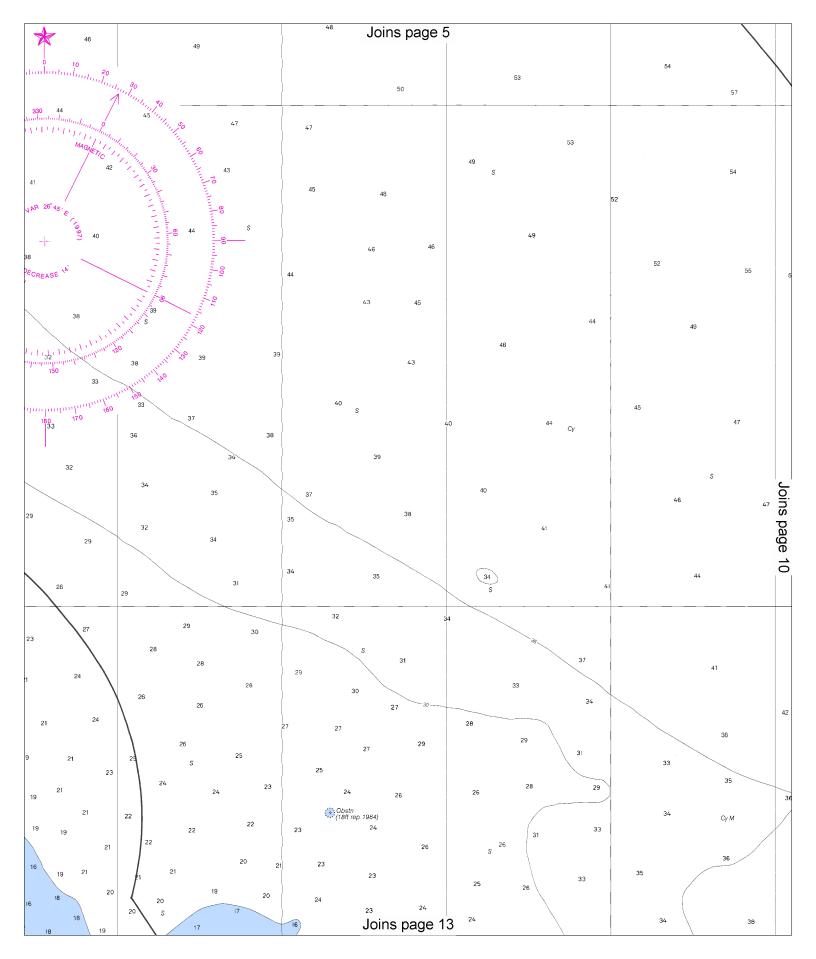
This BookletChart has been updated through: Coast Guard Local Notice To Mariners: 4812 11/27/2012, NGA Weekly Notice to Mariners: 4812 12/1/2012,

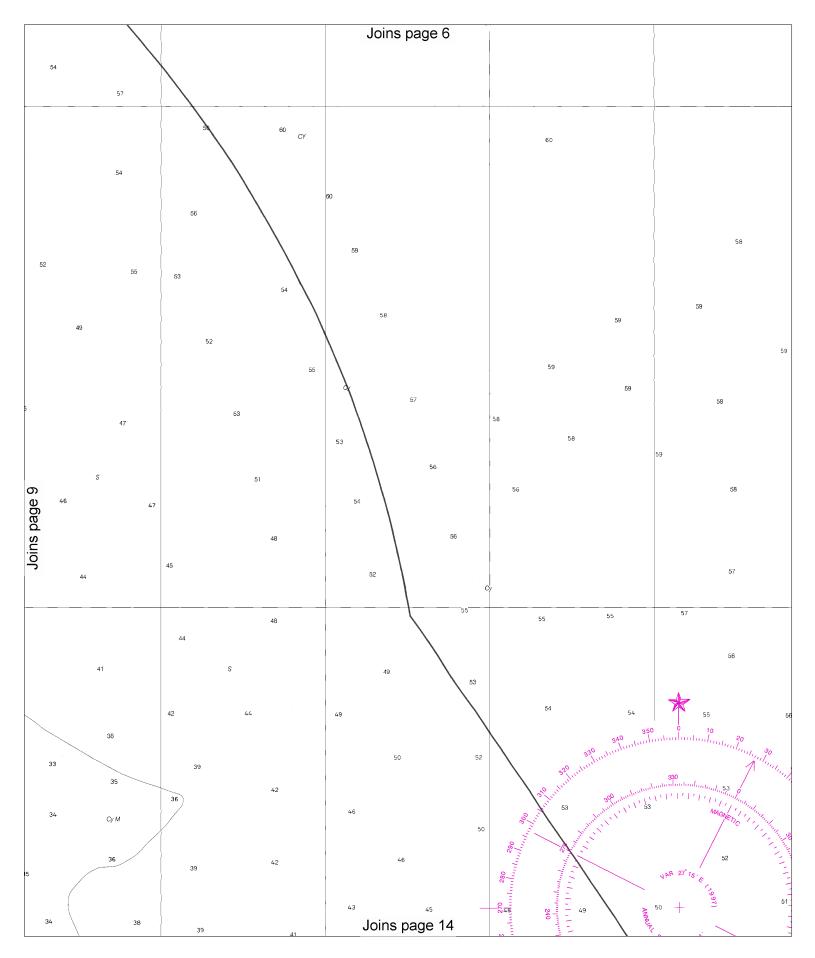
Canadian Coast Guard Notice to Mariners: 0912 9/28/2012.

HORIZONTAL DATUM

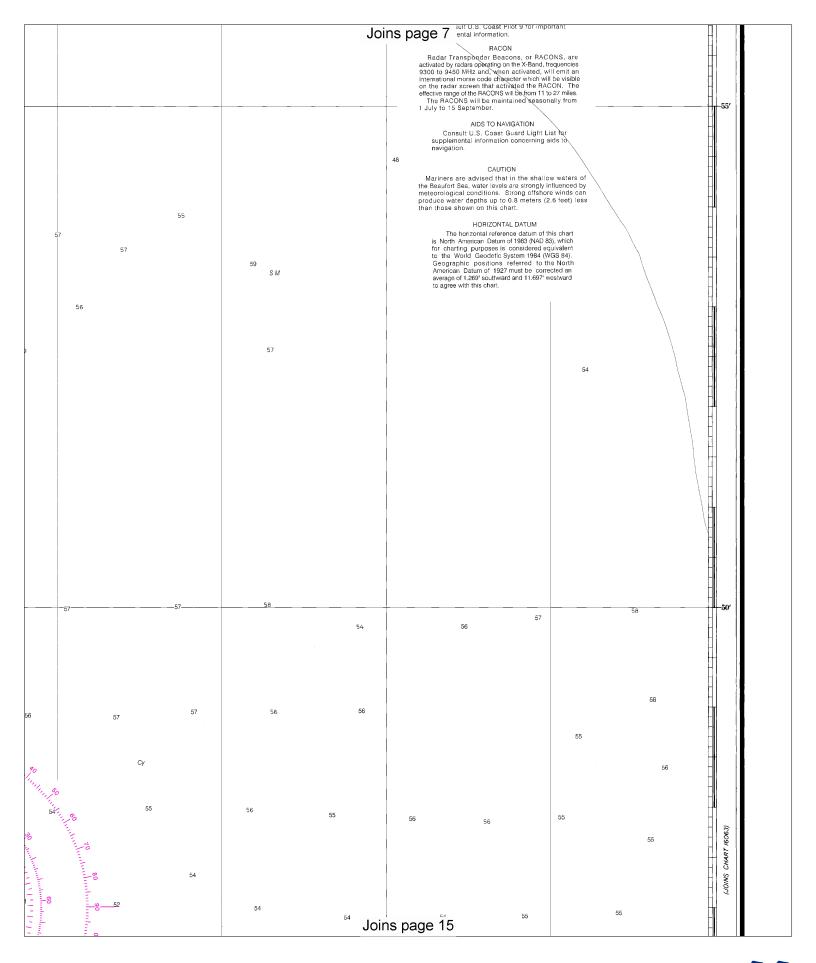


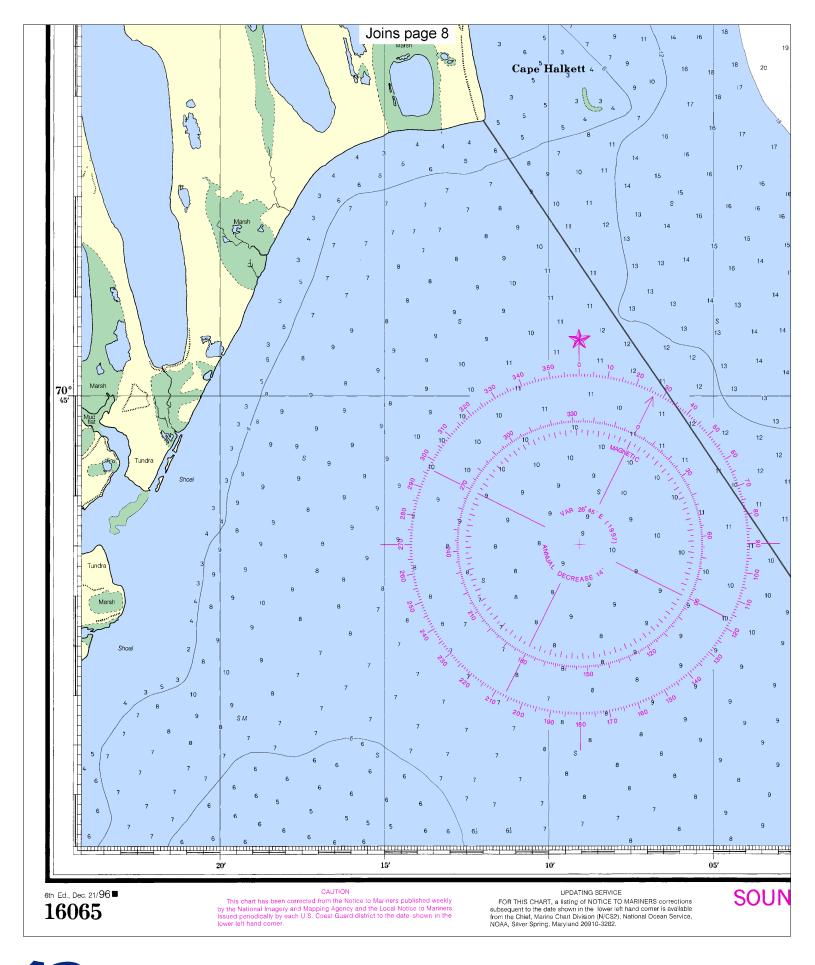




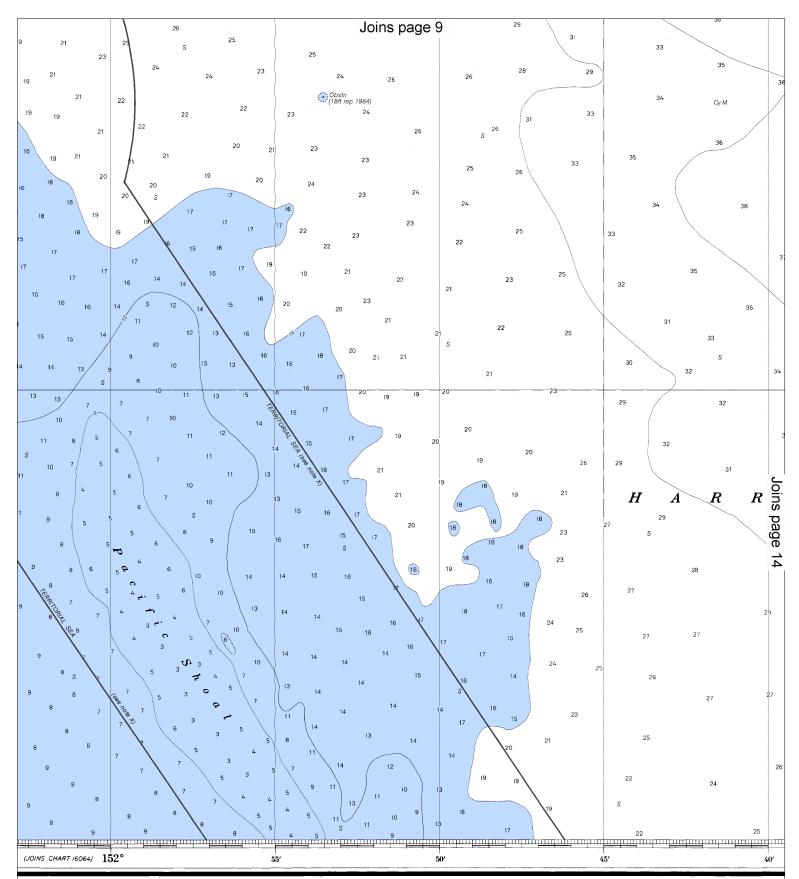


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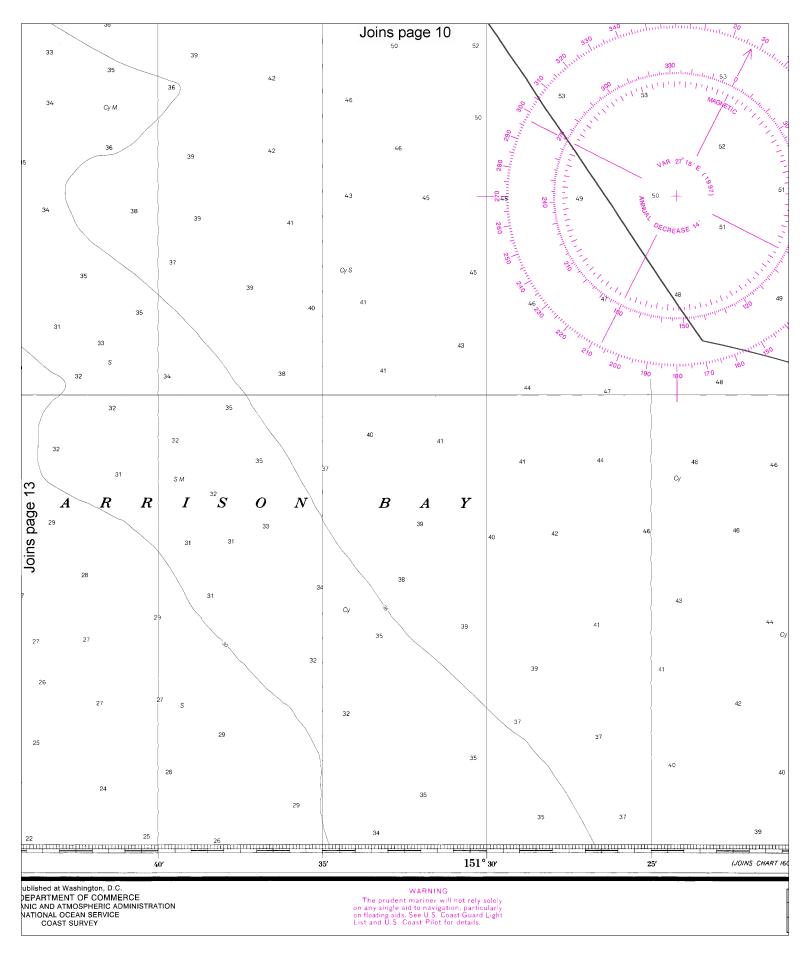


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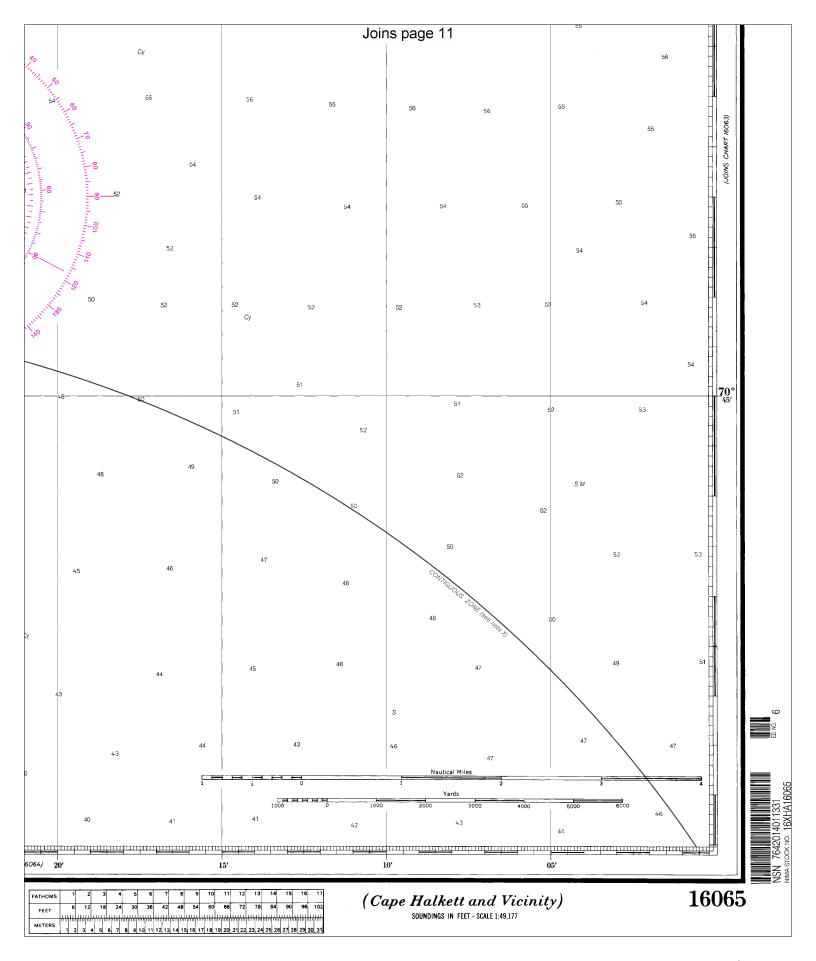


NDINGS IN FEET

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION
NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE
COAST SURVEY



14





VHF Marine Radio channels for use on the waterways:

Channel 6 – Inter-ship safety communications.

Channel 9 – Communications between boats and ship-to-coast.

Channel 13 – Navigation purposes at bridges, locks, and harbors.

Channel 16 – Emergency, distress and safety calls to Coast Guard and others, and to initiate calls to other

vessels. Contact the other vessel, agree to another channel, and then switch.

Channel 22A – Calls between the Coast Guard and the public. Severe weather warnings, hazards to navigation and safety warnings are broadcast here. Channels 68, 69, 71, 72 and 78A – Recreational boat channels.

Getting and Giving Help — Signal other boaters using visual distress signals (flares, orange flag, lights, arm signals); whistles; horns; and on your VHF radio. You are required by law to help boaters in trouble. Respond to distress signals, but do not endanger yourself.

Distress Call Procedures

- Make sure radio is on.
- Select Channel 16.
- Press/Hold the transmit button.
- Clearly say: "MAYDAY, MAYDAY, MAYDAY."
- Also give: Vessel Name and/or Description; Position and/or Location; Nature of

Emergency; Number of People on Board.

- · Release transmit button.
- Wait for 10 seconds If no response Repeat MAYDAY call.

HAVE ALL PERSONS PUT ON LIFE JACKETS!



NOAA Weather Radio All Hazards (NWR) is a nationwide network of radio stations broadcasting continuous weather information directly from the nearest National Weather Service office. NWR broadcasts official Weather Service warnings, watches, forecasts and other hazard information 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

http://www.nws.noaa.gov/nwr/

Quick References

Nautical chart related products and information — http://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov

Online chart viewer — http://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/mcd/NOAAChartViewer.html

Report a chart discrepancy — http://ocsdata.ncd.noaa.gov/idrs/discrepancy.aspx

Chart and chart related inquiries and comments — http://ocsdata.ncd.noaa.gov/idrs/inquiry.aspx?frompage=ContactUs

Chart updates (LNM and NM corrections) — http://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/mcd/updates/LNM_NM.html

Coast Pilot online — http://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/nsd/cpdownload.htm

Tides and Currents — http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov

Marine Forecasts — http://www.nws.noaa.gov/om/marine/home.htm

National Data Buoy Center — http://www.ndbc.noaa.gov/

NowCoast web portal for coastal conditions — http://www.nowcoast.noaa.gov/

National Weather Service — http://www.weather.gov/

National Hurrican Center — http://www.nhc.noaa.gov/

Pacific Tsunami Warning Center — http://ptwc.weather.gov/

Contact Us — http://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/staff/contact.htm



For the latest news from Coast Survey, follow @nauticalcharts



This Booklet chart has been designed for duplex printing (printed on front and back of one sheet). If a duplex option is not available on your printer, you may print each sheet and arrange them back-to-back to allow for the proper layout when viewing.

